

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : PROFESSIONAL EASY-OFF® HEAVY DUTY OVEN & GRILL CLEANER (AEROSOL)  
Lemon Scent

**Distributed by** : Reckitt Benckiser LLC.  
Morris Corporate Center IV  
399 Interpace Parkway (P.O. Box 225)  
Parsippany, New Jersey 07054-0225 +1  
973 404 2600

**Emergency telephone number (Medical)** : 1-800-338-6167

**Emergency telephone number (Transport)** : 1-800-424-9300 (U.S. & Canada) CHEMTREC  
Outside U.S. and Canada (North America), call Chemtrec:703-527-3887

**Website:** <http://www.rbnainfo.com>

**Product use** : Oven Cleaner

This SDS is designed for workplace employees, emergency personnel and for other conditions and situations where there is greater potential for large-scale or prolonged exposure, in accordance with the requirements of USDOL Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

This SDS is not applicable for consumer use of our products. For consumer use, all precautionary and first aid language is provided on the product label in accordance with the applicable government regulations, and shown in Section 15 of this SDS.

**SDS #** : 364200PSDS v5.0

**Formulation #:** : 367270 v4.0

**UPC Code / Sizes** : 16 oz. & 24 oz. Aerosol Can

## 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 2  
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1

**GHS label elements** : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1



**Hazard pictograms** :

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## 2. Hazards identification

**Precautionary statements**

<b>General</b>	:	Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
<b>Prevention</b>	:	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep only in original container. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not breathe dust or mist. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
<b>Response</b>	:	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
<b>Storage</b>	:	Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
<b>Disposal</b>	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. None known.
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	:	
<b>Hazards not otherwise classified</b>	:	None known.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
sodium hydroxide	2.5 - 5	1310-73-2
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	2.5 - 5	112-34-5
2-aminoethanol	2.5 - 5	141-43-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

**4. First aid measures****Description of necessary first aid measures**

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain

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## 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.
- Ingestion** Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move to fresh air. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Over-exposure

#### signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain watering redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation coughing
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation redness  
blistering may occur
- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains
- Ingestion**

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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## 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** :
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : None known.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

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## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Small spill</b>	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling :

<b>Protective measures</b>	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
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### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control Occupational exposure limits

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>Exposure limits</b>
sodium hydroxide	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).</b> C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).</b> TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor
2-aminoethanol	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).</b> TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).**  
TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.  
TWA: 8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  
STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).**  
TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.  
TWA: 8 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.  
STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.  
STEL: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  
**OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).**  
TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.  
TWA: 6 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls :

Environmental exposure controls :

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures :

Eye/face protection :

### Skin protection

Hand protection :

Body protection :

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## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## 11. Toxicological information

### Other skin protection :

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Code #** : FF367270\_4  
: 13/10/2014.  
(364200PSDS  
v5.0)

**SDS #** : 364200PSDS v5.0 **Date of issue**  
8/16

**Appearance**

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid. [Liquefied compressed gas.]
<b>Color</b>	: Tan.
<b>Odor</b>	: Lemon-like.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: 13.3 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
<b>Melting point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Boiling point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	: Not available.
<b>Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: 0.963 to 1.177
<b>Solubility</b>	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
<b>Partition coefficient: noctanol/water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Not available.

**Aerosol product**

<b>Type of aerosol</b>	: Spray
<b>Heat of combustion</b>	: 3.817 kJ/g

**10. Stability and reactivity**

<b>Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Polymerization. : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals Do not mix with household chemicals
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Hazardous decomposition products : carbon oxides , Various Organic chemicals.

**Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-

**Irritation/Corrosion**

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**11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 milligrams	-

**Sensitization**

Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

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## 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain watering redness
- Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation coughing
- Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	39686.2 mg/kg
Dermal	56842.1 mg/kg

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

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## 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol 2-aminoethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
Release of large quantities into water may cause a pH-change resulting in danger for aquatic life.



## 13. Disposal considerations





Disposal methods : Waste packaging should be recycled. Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.

## 14. Transport information

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## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1 (8)	-		<u>Limited quantity</u>
TDG Classification	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1 (8)	-		<u>Limited quantity</u>

<b>Mexico Classification</b>	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1 (8)	-		<u>Limited quantity</u>
<b>IMDG Class</b>	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable	2.1 (8)	-		<u>Limited quantity</u>
<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	UN1950	AEROSOLS, flammable, containing substances in Class 8 packing group II	2.1 (8)	-	 	<u>See DG List.</u>

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 7-hydroxycitronellal  
 TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined  
 United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.  
 Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide  
 Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane  
 Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Listed  
 Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances : Not listed  
 Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances : Not listed  
 DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) : Not listed  
 DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed  
**SARA 302/304**

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

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## 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification** : Fire hazard  
Reactive  
Immediate (acute) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
sodium hydroxide	2.5 - 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	2.5 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-aminoethanol	2.5 - 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

**SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	4.75
<b>Supplier notification</b>	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	4.75

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed. **State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: ETHANOLAMINE; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; BUTANE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: ETHANOLAMINE; ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; GLYCOL ETHERS; SODIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC SODA; BUTANE

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: ETHANOL, 2-AMINO-; GLYCOL ETHERS; SODIUM HYDROXIDE (NA(OH)); BUTANE

**Label elements****Signal word** : DANGER**Hazard statements** : CORROSIVE CAUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

**Precautionary measures** : Keep out of the reach of children. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120 °F. Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing spray. Wear suitable gloves. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

## 16. Other information

Hazardous Material :  
Information System (U.S.A.)

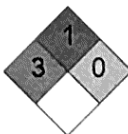
Health	3
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	D

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection :  
Association (U.S.A.)

Flammability  
Health/Instability/Reactivity  
Special



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of issue : 13/10/2014.

Date of previous issue : 24/02/2009

Version : 5

Prepared by : Reckitt Benckiser LLC.  
Product Safety Department  
1 Philips Parkway  
Montvale, New Jersey 07646-1810 USA.  
FAX: 201-476-7770

Revision comments : Update as per US GHS

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Conforms to USDOL OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 HAZCOM

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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## 16. Other information



RB is a member of the CSPA Product Care Product Stewardship Program.